

Determination of some parameters of a porous medium-liquid system by the pulsed field gradient NMR

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Abstract

A possibility was considered to estimate the parameter of a porous medium S/V_p , where S and V_p are the surface area and the volume of pores, respectively, as well as the power of nuclear magnetic energy sinks ρ of a porous medium-liquid system by the example of randomly packed glass spheres 53-63 μm in diameter and acetone, water, or decane as a liquid medium. Estimates were made by analyzing the time dependences of the effective self-diffusion coefficient $D(t)$ and $P(t)$, the probability of return of a molecule to its initial position by time t . It was shown that the short-time parts of $D(t)$ dependence allow us to obtain parameters S/V_p and ρ , whereas those of $P(t)$, only the S/V_p parameter. The values of ρ , obtained from $D(t)$, and from the time of relaxation of longitudinal nuclear magnetization, differ from each other by an order of magnitude. As expected, the value of S/V_p , obtained for a given porous medium, is independent of the nature of introduced liquid.

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